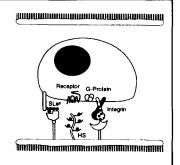
GRAPHICAL ABSTRACTS

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 207

Carbohydrate-Dependent Cell Adhesion

M. Fukuda, the La Jolla Cancer Research Foundation, La Jolla, California 92037 and the Department of Biochemistry, Institute of Medical Science, University of Tokyo.

Abstract: The recent progress in the studies on the roles of cell surface carbohydrates in cell adhesion is summarized.



QSAR of Competitive Inhibitors of Phosphoenolpyruvate Carboxylase

Ricardo L. Mancera, Ariadne G. Gómez and Alejandro Pisanty Departamento de Física y Química Teórica, Facultad de Química. UNAM. 04510 México DF.

The competitive inhibitors of PEP carboxylase are studies by the Hansch method, molecular mechanics, and MNDO/AM1 calculations in order to

mechanics, and MNDO/AM1 calculations in order to establish QSAR. Discriminant analyses of some structural propert

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 217

establish QSAR. Discriminant analyses of some structural properties also suggest the existence of two classes of inhibitors with possibly different mechanisms of interaction.

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 227

Metabolism Resistant Isothiazolone Inhibitors of Cartilage Breakdown

S. W. Wright,* J. J. Petraitis,† D. G. Batt, R. L. Corbett, S. V. Di Meo, B. Freimark, J. V. Giannaras, M. J. Orwat, D. J. Pinto, M. A. Pratta, S. R. Sherk, H. F. Stampfli, J. M. Williams, R. L. Magolda, E. C. Arner.

The Du Pont Merck Pharmaceutical Company, Wilmington, Delaware 19880

A series of pyridoisothiazolones (1) is reported that inhibit the IL-1 β induced breakdown of cartilage in an organ culture assay. Compounds 1 are resistant to reductive metabolism and appear to inhibit cartilage breakdown by its

to reductive metabolism and appear to inhibit cartilage breakdown by interfering with the proteolytic activation of matrix matalloproteinase.

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 235

NUCLEOSIDES AND NUCLEOTIDES. 137. ANTITUMOR
PHOSPHOLIPIDS WITH 5-FLUOROURIDINE AS A CYTOTOXIC POLAR-HEAD: SYNTHESIS OF 5'-PHOSPHATIDYL-5-FLUOROURIDINES BY TRANSPHOSPHATIDYLATION CATALYZED BY PHOSPHOLIPASE D

O

S. Shuto,^a H. Itoh,^b A. Sakai,^b K. Nakagami,^b S. Imamura,^c and A. Matsuda*, ^a ^aFaculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Hokkaido University, Sapporo 060, Japan. ^bInstitute for Life Science Research and ^cDiagnostic Division, Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Shizuoka 410-23, Japan.

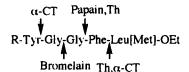
ENZYMATIC PEPTIDE SYNTHESIS IN LOW WATER CONTENT

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 245

SYSTEMS: ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS OF [LEU] AND [MET]-

ENKEPHALIN DERIVATIVES, P. Clapés*, J.L. Torres, P. Adlercreutz¹, Unit for Peptide Chemistry and Biochemistry (C.I.D., C.S.I.C.). Barcelona .Spain. ¹Department of Biotechnology. Chemical Center University of Lund. Sweden.

ABSTRACT: The total enzymatic synthesis synthesis of [Leu] and [Met]-enkephalin derivatives is reported.



IDENTIFICATION OF A PEPTIDE INHIBITOR AGAINST GLYCOSOMAL

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 257

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE KINASE of TRYPANOSOMA BRUCEI BY A SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE LIBRARY APPROACH.

Isabelle Samson[†], Jef Rozenski[†], Luc Kerremans[†], Jos Van Beeumen[‡], Arthur Van Aerschot[†] and Piet Herdewijn^{†*}. [†]Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry (F.F.W.), Rega Institute for Medical Research, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Minderbroedersstraat 10, B-3000 Leuven, Belgium. [‡]Laboratory of Microbiology, Rijks Universiteit Gent, K.L. Ledeganckstraat 35, B-9000 Gent.

The pentapeptide NH_2 -Asn-Trp-Met-Met-Phe-OH was identified as a selective inhibitor of glycosomal phosphoglycerate kinase of T. brucei using a solid phase synthetic peptide library approach. Isolation of the interacting peptide beads was done with streptavidin coated magnetic beads.

Synthesis, Muscarinic Blocking Activity and Molecular Modeling Studies of 4-DAMP-Related

Compounds, Maurizio Recanatini,* Vincenzo Tumiatti, Roberta Budriesi, Alberto Chiarini, Maria L. Bolognesi and Carlo Melchiorre,* Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Bologna, Via Belmeloro 6, I-40126 Bologna, Italy, Piera Sabatino, Department of Chemistry "G. Ciamician", Via Selmi 2, 40126 Bologna, Italy

The synthesis and muscarinic blocking activity of a key set of analogues of 4-DAMP are detailed. On the basis of the structure of semirigid compounds, like 3, we built two pharmacophoric frames accounting for the receptor binding of all members of the series.

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 267

SYNTHESIS OF 2-IMIDAZOLIDINYLIDENE PROPANEDINITRILE DERIVATIVES AS STIMULATORS OF GASTROINTESTINAL MOTILITY, PART 3.

Setsuya Sasho, Hiroyuki Obase,* Takio Kitazawa, Hiromi Nonaka, Rika Yoshizaki, Akio Ishii, and Katsuichi Shuto

Pharmaceutical Research Laboratories, Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd.,

Shimotogari, Nagaizumi, Shizuoka, Japan. 411

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 279

12: R = Bz1;13: R = 4-F-Bz1

Abstract: Compounds 1 2 and 1 3 showed an excellent potency in enhancement of gastrointestinal motility both in vitro and in vivo together with a negligible histamine H2-receptor blocking property.

The Conformation and Activity Relationship of Fused Analogs of DuP753

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 289

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 297

Sung-eun Yoo*, Young Ah Shin, Sung-Hou Lee, and Nak-Jung Kim

Korea Research Institute of Chemical Technology, P.O.Box 9, DaeDoeg Science Complex, Dae-Jeon, Korea

We have prepared three conformationally restricted analogs of DuP753 and have investigated the conformation-biological activity relationship of these compounds.

Synthesis of Peptide Analogues Containing Phosphonamidate Methyl Ester Functionality:

HIV-1 Proteinase Inhibitors Possessing Unique Cell Uptake Properties.

Nicholas P. Camp, David A. Perrey, Derek Kinchington, Paul C. D. Hawkins and David Gani. * aSchool of Chemistry, The Purdie Building, The University, St. Andrews, Fife, KY16 9ST, U.K.

^bDepartment of Virology, St. Bartholomews Hospital, London, EC1A 7BE, U.K.

Phosphonamidate methyl ester containing peptide analogues [eg. (6)] are moderate inhibitors of the HIV-1 proteinase but show a marked ability to enter virus infected cells.

CMP-KDO SYNTHETASE: OVERPRODUCTION AND APPLICATION TO THE SYNTHESIS OF CMP-KDO AND ANALOGS

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 313

Takeshi Sugai, Chun-Hung Lin, Gwo-Jenn Shen, and Chi-Huey Wong*

Department of Chemistry, The Scripps Research Institute, 10666 North Torrey Pines Road, CA 92037

CMP-KDO synthetase was cloned and overexpressed in *E. coli*. Application of this enzyme to the synthesis of CMP-KDO and analogs was studied. A mechanism of the CMP-KDO decomposition was proposed.

HO HO COO:
$$\frac{\text{CMP-KDO}}{\text{CTP, Mg}^{2+}}$$
 HO $\frac{\text{NH}_2}{\text{N}}$ HO $\frac{\text{NH}_2}{\text{N}}$

MOLECULAR MECHANICS AND DYNAMICS STUDIES ON TWO STRUCTURALLY RELATED AMIDE-MODIFIED DNA BACKBONES FOR ANTISENSE TECHNOLOGY

BioMed. Chem. 1995, 3, 321

V. Fritsch, A. De Mesmaeker, A. Waldner, J. Lebreton, M.J.J. Blommers, R. M. Wolf Central Research Laboratories, Ciba-Geigy Ltd., CH-4002 Basel, Switzerland

The effect of the replacement of the natural phosphodiester linkage in the DNA strand of RNA· DNA hybrid duplexes by either of the two amide linkages 3 or 4 has been investigated by molecular mechanics (MM) and dynamics (MD) simulations.